Elated at Ojo-Azules Victory.

Gen. Carranza's note of April 12, sug resting that discussion of the with frawal of the American forces be Having "Stopped" Roosevelt, taken up, suspended negotiations then in progress for a protocol. If these to be resumed, the ground will have to be gone over again in the light

have to be gone over again in the light of the border agreement.

Administration officials were elated at the success of Maj. Howze and his men in surprising a Villa band, punishing it severely and coming off without any casualties. The dash, army officials said, was in many respects unsurpassed in brilliancy. The facts that at least forty-two bandits were slain, that the remainder were effectually scattered forty-two bandits were slain, that the remainder were effectually scattered and that a number of Carranza soldiers held prisoners by the outlaws were rescued is expected to lend to the prestige of the American troops among the Mexicans. The official report from Gen. Pershing telling of the fight was the only Mexican dispatch made public yesterday at the War Department.

REBEL SENTENCES **BASED ON FACTS**

Mere Suspicion Has No Part in Trials of Irish Sinn

Feiners.

IDEA OF VENGEANCE NOT IN JUDGES' MINDS

Sir John Maxwell Confirms All Actions in Humane But Firm

DUBLIN, May 6 .- Justice is being dealt out to the Sinn Feiners on the pure facts proved by incontestable tes timony regarding their active participation in the recent rebellion. Suspicion is not enough for a court-martial to condern any man and vengeance for the killing of soldiers or the de struction of property does not enter the minds of the military judges. There is no "dragooning to death" of the

position to obtain first-hand information of the entire system of charge. evidence, trial and sentence in the cases of the men captured during the fighting or who surrendered after the collapse of the rising.

As soon as a rebel falls into the hands of the authorities his identity is established and the evidence is recorded of the circumstances in which he is taken. The reports of officers and soldiers concerned in the capture are written down. The prisoner is placed in confinement. Then a preliminary inquiry is held and lawyers draw up the charge.

Composition of Court.

The next process is the formation o three are sitting to dispose of cases three superior army officers. Only one of the nine judges participated in the or the nine judges participated in the suppression of the rebellion, so it cannot be alleged that the officers acting as judges will bring prejudice to bear arising from their personal feelings. Before the prisoner is brought before the court the charge against him is read in full, in order that the accused may prepare to defend himself when facing the judges. He has no legal defender, but should he desire to call witnesses the court immediately calls them to testify in complete freedom. them to testify in complete freedom.

The court sits in a barrack room, unsurrounded by the wigs, gowns or ceremonial of the usual civil courts. The first proceeding is the reading of the charge. Then comes testimony for ecution, after which the prison eads in defense if he wishes or ad

Action in Case of Execution.

GEN. SMITH'S SUPPORTERS MAKE MOVE IN HIS BEHALF

Will Endeavor to Have Senate Reverse Vote Belecting His Nomination.

The matter of Gen. Robert G. Smith's

ermitted to change his vote was before the Senate again yesterday afternoon during executive session, but Senter was allowed to go over. In order that the question might not be fore-closed, the Senate recessed while in executive session until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. This step was necessary since, under the rules, if two executive sessions go by after a vote, without a motion to reconsider being made, the original vote automatically becomes final. As the Senate had held an executive session Friday, yesteran executive session Friday, yester-day's session, had it not been prolonged by a recess, would have been the sec-

The opponents of Gen. Smith are conhat the original verdict of the

formal protocol covering the subject of the expedition is expected to be resumed here after the Scott-Obregon agreement has been ratified. While the latter deals with the military features, it is thought necessary to work out diplomatic features through regular diplomatic channels. OF G. O. P. RIVALS

They Now Aim to Prevent Stampede to Justice.

PLAN TO ACT IN CONCERT AT CHICAGO CONVENTION

Expect to Hold Delegates in Line Until Strongest Man Has Been Singled Out.

Information reaches Washington from New York, where some interesting last week, to the effect that some of the political leaders, having in their belief stopped" Roosevelt, are now devoting their thoughts to preventing a stampede

grounded that Roosevelt's nomination is entirely unlikely. They say "he hasn't the delegates, and that's all there is to it." The action of California is said to have clinched this conviction when that state, the backbone of Rooseveltism, was carried by the regular republicans.

lar republicans.

As to the movement to retard the efforts of the men who are booming Mr. Hughes, it is said that without an actual agreement to do so it will be found that other candidates will be in effect acting in concert to hold their ranks intact through several ballots, the combined opposition being sufficient to withhold a majority from Mr. Hughes.

York last week at one of these conferences figures the line-up on the first ballot in round numbers as follows: Fairbanks, 145; Burton, 140; Weeks 120; Roosevelt, 65; Sherman, 90; Root, Cummins, 85; Knox, 65; Hughes, La Follette, 25; Ford, 30, and du

favored ones control a combined strength which, if exerted, will keep Mr. Hughes not only from getting a majority on first ballot, but prevent him from showing a

strong lead.

The effort now under consideration is said to be to hold the columns intact on the second and as many succeeding ballots as possible, until some definite trend state delegations can be ascertained.

States of Large Influence.

New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, the states essential to a republican victory at the polls, will, it is said, probably sway and influence the rea field general court-martial, of which three are sitting to dispose of cases of the men in last week's conferences of the men in last week's conferences were in favor of reaching an understanding in advance of the convention, but the weight of opinion was that this is impracticable, in view of the large number of uninstructed delegates, and that the decision will have to be made in Chicago. Details of the convention are now being discussed, one of them being a proposition to limit nomination speeches to ten minutes.

to ten minutes.

The latest information from the progressive leaders, who will hold their convention simultaneously with the regulars, is that they have abandoned the idea of nominating Roosevelt on the first day of the meeting and saying to the regular republicans, "Here is your candidate." The colonel is said to have put down his foot on this plan.

and deliver judgment. Should sentence land, manager of Senator Weeks' cam-

The judges then consider the facts and deliver judgment. Should sentence on a rebel be the supreme penalty of death, as has been the case in a number of instances, the prisoner is asked whether there are any relitives or friends he would like to see. If so they immediately are brought to his place of confinement. He also is permitted to have the services of a clergyman, who remains with him until just before the sentence is carried out.

Meanwhile the judgment is laid before Sir John Maxwell, the commanderin-chief in Ireland, for confirmation. Gen. Maxwell is very humane, but he has a strong will combined with a judicial mind and a strict sense of duty to his country. He never has failed to peruse the evidence himself before putting the final seal on a sentence, but then he decides quickly. He is inclined to lemiency in cases where the facts permit him to exercise it, as is shown in a number of instances since the trials of the rebels commenced.

The confirmed judgment is promultated by an army officer, and the following morning the condemned prisoner is shot. The execution is carried out in the same way as in the field. The prisoner is hindfolded and placed in the same way as in the field. The prisoner is always fatal

How Sherman Men See It.

How Sherman Men See It.

Senator Sherman's friends have been xceedingly active of late, and, although o contests were waged for instructed delegates for him outside of his own the missionary work since the greater number of primaries and conventions have taken place is claimed to have leader, who is a member of the Mexican resulted in the accumulation of considerable strength beyond the borders of

Reports from the Sherman headquarters in Chicago are to the effect that the Illi-In Chicago are to the effect that the Illinois delegation will maintain a solid from tuntil the members are released by the Senate tomorrow, it is expected. The Senate has rejected the nomination, but the supporters of Gen. Smith are seeking a reconsideration of the vote by which he was rejected. Senator Hughes of New Jersey has requested that he be allowed to change his vote from "aye" to "no," so that, being one of the majority voters, he could move the reconsideration under the rules. He has claimed since Senator Pittman has been allowed to have this vote recorded the whole matter is again open.

Senator Hughes' request that he be Senator Hughes' request that he be allowed to change his vote recorded to change his vote was be
Could move the reconsideration under the rules. Senator Hughes' request that he be allowed to have the reconsideration of the possible elimination of the members are released by the senator himself, and emphatic denial is made of the story declared to have emanated from a democratic source that the wenty-six of the Illinois delegates would break to Roosevelt as soon as they could in the light of their instructions.

There is the best of authority for stating, say the Sherman men, that at the most no more than eight of the Illinois delegates would go to Roosevelt for any of the released from their instructions. The Sherman managers say that the elimination of Mexico and to the northern broader of authority for stating, say the Sherman am, that at the members are released from the instructions.

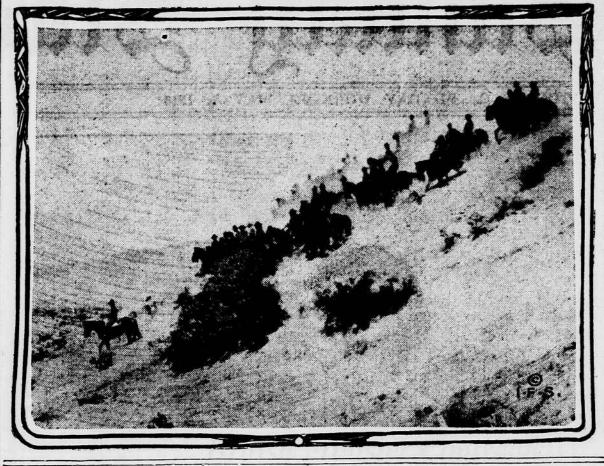
There is the best of authority for stating, say the Sherman men, that at the most nor more than eligit of the Illinois delegates would go to Roosevelt in any of the Illinois delegates would go to Roosevelt in any of the released from their instructions.

Many Dead From Typhus.

Except for a brief interval, when President Wilson called Americans o

The physical Sherman demonstration in Chicago during convention week bids fair to be about the biggest thing of its kind in town. It is expected that between 10, 200 and 20,000 Sherman boomers from all parts of Illinois will mobilize in Chicago, and, through parades and enthusiasm, impress the visitors from abroad with the earnestness of their movement in behalf of the state's favorite son.

8TH UNITED STATES CAVALRY IN MEXICO.



states.

It is the expressed opinion of those close to Senator Burton that he will go into the convention with as large an element of first-choice strength as

MISS PAULINE FLOYD WINS DEBATE HONORS

Washington College of Law, in the auditorium of the Business High School last night. The negative team, consisting of O. P. Roepke, Miss P. M. McCall and Miss Floyd, which argued that military training should not be given in American colleges, was adjudged winner of the contest by the judges, Mrs. Louis F. Post, Maj. Harry Coope and Ernest H. Daniel.

The losing affirmative team was composed of M. A. Mussman, who was awarded second prize for individual debate; H. N. Fosa and Miss C. L. Keeley. Mr. Roepke of the affirmative was given honorable mention for individual de-

The victory of the negative was due to a closer treatment of the subject played by the affirmative. Miss Floyd. in particular, in the opinion of the audiressive leaders, who will hold then resulars, entiton simultaneously with the regulars, entiton simultaneously with the regulars, as that they have abandoned the idea of hominating Roosevelt on the first day of the meeting and saying to the regular republicans, "Here is your candidate." The colonel is said to have put down his foot on this plan.

Claims Made for Weeks.

The convention is less than five weeks away, and the candidates are warming up to their work, while warming up to the democratic ideal of the republic.

There is nouthing in common betomic this common that they democrate, we suggestion to be suggestion to be intended as coholar of the democrate, while warming warming up to their work, while warming up to the idea of the republic.

There is nouthing to common the common the democratic ideal of the republic.

There is nothing in common betothing in common this plant in co Action in Case of Execution.

The judges then consider the facts and deliver judgment. Should sentence on a rebel be the supreme penalty of death, as has been the case in a number of instances the prisoner is asked.

Warming up to their work, while statements from managers are beginning to appear. C. E. Weller of Maryland presented to Dean Emma M. Gillet of the Law School a framed copy of Justice Stafford's poem, "Invocation." on behalf of the class of 1918. Dancing followed the debate.

"ANTI-AMERICAN SPIRIT IN MEXICO DECREASING'

Methodist Bishop Says President's Policy Has Been Effective in Convincing Mexicans.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., May -Anti-American sentiment in Mexico is decreasing, in the opinion of Bishop Francis J. McConnell of Denver, Col., who reported to the Methodist Episcopal general conference tonight the results of missionary work in that country over which he has episcopal supervision. He visited the Mexican churches frequently during the trouble there, and was in Mexico City at the time of the Villa raid on Columbus, N. M. He was escorted to the northern border by Alfonso Herrera, a Carranza

Methodist Conference. "Whatever may be said of President Wilson's Mexican policy," said the bishop, "it is true that this policy has done more to convince the Mexicans that the United States does not want

aries have remained at their posts un der conditions which Bishop McConnell characterized as almost insufferable.

The parts of Illinois will mobilize in Chicago, and, through parades and enthusiasm, impress the visitors from abroad with the earnestness of their movement in behalf of the state's favorite son.

Mr. Burton in City.

Mr. Burton in City.

Former Senator Burton was in the city yesterday on his way east. He is taking a little respite from a very strenuous speaking trip. From the first of January until the first of May he has spoken on an average of more than once a day in the course of two trips across the continent.

The friends of Senator Burton are very much pleased with the reception

The friends of Senator Burton are very much pleased with the reception

Characterized as almost insufferable. For months they obtained no mail from the United States, and through long periods they were compelled to work to relieve the hunger of their parish-loners. After armies had overrun the country and the crops were destroyed, typhus appeared, and in one town of 4,500 inhabitants, where a Methodist mission was located, 1,500 persons died from this disease.

He asserted that the "ever present spector of intervention is distressing to the Maxican mind." Only \$69,000 a year is available for Mexican religious and induction of the missionary work in South America and Sishop Frank W.

Warn of Lucknow. India, reported for the missionary work in South America and Southern Asia. characterized as almost insufferable.

which he met on his western trips. All the reports, they say, indicate that he will receive a substantial vote from among the delegates from the western state. Assertions in German Note

Lord Robert Cecil Asserts Right of England to Shut Off Trade With Teutons and Denies That Unwarranted Cruelty Results.

LONDON, May 6 .- Declining to com- | tween this statement and the present Pont, 6.
This was the New York "estimate." admittedly tentative and broad. It does not agree with some of the estimates not agree with some of the estimates not agree with some of the class of 1918 of the for peace. The statement of the purely American-German and/children. However, presuming that the statement of the chancellor in the questions involved in the German reply to the American note on submarine warfare, Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war trade and parliamentary under to relchstag was untrue, it is interesting of war trade and parliamentary under to relchstag was untrue, it is interesting of the foreign office, gave the Associated Press today a statement deal-ing with the charges against German statesmen, Prince Bismarck of the foreign office, gave the Associated Press today a statement deal-ing with the charges against Great in the annual public debate given by members of the class of 1918 of the ent on the purely American-German appeal on behalf of starving women

"The reply of the German government to the American note of April 20 this country, as the questions at issue concern the United States and Gernany, and any interference by a third party would be presumptuous.

party would be presumptuous.

"Since, however, the German note contains certain misstatements of fact respecting the actions of Great Britain, the following observations may not be thought out of place. The German government state that they have, so far as is possible, instituted a far-reaching restraint upon the use of the submarine weapon solely in consideration of neutral interests, and, in spite of the fact that these restrictions were necessarily of advantage to Germany's enemies.

Says German Assertions Are Untrue. tion ever has been shown to neutrals

by Great Britain and her allies. "Do the facts bear out these asser-

their submarine warfare on the ground that it is a measure of reprisal against the action of the British government in cutting off supplies from Germany. The following list of incidents, in chronological order, should suffice to dispose of this plea:

"September, 1914—Dutch vessel Maria, from California for Dublin and Belfast with cargo of grain for the civil population, sunk by the German cruiser Karlsruhe. "October 26, 1914—The Amiral Cantea-ume, with 2,000 unarmed refugees, sunk

by a German submarine.
"December, 1914—Admiral von Tirpitz foreshadowed adoption of submarine

Cites Other Instances.

"January 17, 1915-American ship William P. Frye, with wheat from Seattle for Queenstown, sunk by German auxiliary cruiser Kron Prinz Wilhelm."
(Note: The William P. Frye was sunk by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, according to the records.)
"February 4, 1915—Declaration by the

the records.)

"February 4, 1915—Declaration by the German government of their intention to institute a general submarine blockade of Great Britain and Ireland, with the avowed purpose of cutting off all supplies from these islands. This blockade was put into effect officially February 18, although, as a matter of fact, a merchant ship had been sunk by a German submarine at the end of January.

"It was not until March 11, 1915, that the present measures against German trade were put in force by Great Britain. Before the enforcement of those measures, the Germans had destroyed cargoes of foodstuffs coming to the civilian population of this country; had declared their intention of instituting a system of submarine outrage, and had actually submarined merchant vessels without warning.

Recalls Atrocities in Belgium.

"As for their pretended tenderness for non-combatants, their slaughter of old men, children, women and girls in Belgium and northern France, not to speak of the unreported proceedings of

speak of the unreported proceedings of their honored allies in Armenia, fortheir honored allies in Armenia, forthe place of Stephen T. Mather, assistant sceretary of the interior, assistant sceretary of the interior, asthe place of Stephen T. Mather, assistant sceretary of the interior, assistant sceretary of the interior, assistant sceretary of the interior, asthe place of Stephen T. Mather, assistant sceretary of the interior, assistant sceretary of the interior, assistant scenerary of the membership of the
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the enemy. In 1885, at the time when his majesty's government were discuss-ing with the French government the question of the right to declare food-

merce that any disadvantage our commercial and carrying interests may suffer by the treatment of rice as contraband of war does not justify our opposing a measure which it has been thought fit to take in carrying on a foreign war. Every war is a calamity which entails evil consequences, not only on the combatants, but also on neutrals. The measure in question has for its object the shortening of the war by increasing the difficulties of the enemy, and is a justifiable step in war if impartially enforced against all neutral ships.

"In 1892 Count Caprivi made the following remarks in the reichstag, in

"In 1892 Count Caprivi made the following remarks in the reichstag, in the course of a discussion respecting the question of international protection for private property at sea:

"A country may be dependent for her food or for her raw produce upon her trade. In fact, it may be absolutely necessary to destroy an enemy's trade. The private introduction of provisions into Paris was prohibited during the siege, and in the same way a nation would be justified in preventing the import of food and raw produce."

"Germans Assuming Too Far." "These older German authorities vere right. The truth is, all war is cruel, horrible. But those who have to the compare favorably, so far as consideration to neutrals is concerned, with a policy whose fruits are seen in the tragedies of the Lusitania, the Arabic and the Sussex.

"The Germans maintain that it was owing to the illegal conduct of the British warfare that Germany was forced to resort to her submarine campaign. This is not the first time that the Germans have attempted to justify their submarine warfare on the ground. ants and non-combatants by their Zep-pelin bombs and submarine torpedoes; who, by their poisoned gas and high explosive shells, have maimed, tortured and slain millions of the best and brav-est of their fellow creatures, are pre-suming too far on the toleration of mankind, when they complain of such a comparatively humane method of warfare as blockade.

a comparatively humane method of warfare as blockade.

"Of the German peace overtures, if such they are to be called, I will say little. It was only in last December that the chancellor declared that we believed it to be in our interests to attribute falsely to them peace proposals. Yet the German government now say that twice within the past few months Germany has announced before the world her readiness to make peace. If so it is because they fear defeat. It may be only that they want to appear peaceful. For us it matters not. Our attitude, at any rate, is unchanged. We drew the sword unwillingly. We shall sheathe it gladly. But we should be untrue to our trust: we should be betraying civilization if we abandoned our task until we have reestablished in Europe the supremacy of law, the sanity of treatles and the right of all nations, great and small, to live their lives, to fulfill their destinies, free from the intolerable menace of Prussian militarism."

NATIONAL PARKS OF U. S. DESCRIBED BY GLEASON

R. B. Marshall Also Tells of Gov ernment's Work at Uuniversity Club Entertainment.

A lecture by Herbert W. Glesson or "The National Parks" was the feature provided for the usual Saturday evening entertainment at the University Club last night. Mr. Gleason, who has visited practically all of the parks, told of their scenic beauties while illustrating his remarks with a series of photographs taken on his various trips.

WOMEN'S EFFORTS

Speakers So Discuss Retirement Before Association of Civil Service Employes.

MORE AUXILIARIES FOR **ORGANIZATION URGED**

Representative Keating Says Uncle Sam Is Sure to Care for Aids Sooner or Later.

he women of the country in the work vas pointed out vesterday afternoon by officers of the women's auxiliaries of the vention of the National Association of Civil Service Employes. Practically the vomen, the only other proceedings eing an address by Representative he activities of the employes, a brief executive session during which the per apita tax was increased, and the election of officers. The convention came to an end shortly before 7 o'clock.

an end shortly before 7 o'clock.

The officers of the auxiliaries made earnest pleas for the formation of branch auxiliaries in all parts of the country. They complained that not enough interest was being shown by the men in the formation of the auxiliaries. The general sentiment of the fair speakers was that if more women were enlisted in the movement retirement would show more speed in reaching the goal than ever before.

Pays Silent Tribute.

During the afternoon the convenion paused in its business for one min- organization indicated to him the first nounced. ute and paid silent tribute to the late Representative Joseph A. Goulden of to goveren themselves. The man who the French have met with something

vention, President McKee paid a high tribute to them for their effective work in behalf of retirement, and pointed

in behalf of retirement, and pointed out that they were a force to be reckoned with. He said they had been the pioneers in the retirement movement, and expressed the hope that they would continue to work in the advancement of the cause.

The women are now enlisting in the retirement movement more than ever before, said Mrs. Carolyn Stein of Rochester, N. Y., national president of the ladies' auxiliary, National Association of Letter Carriers. They will be a compelling force in getting retirement, she said. Mrs. Stein pointed out the rigid requirements of the postal service, where, she said, 100 per cent honesty, accuracy and punctuality is rehonesty, accuracy and punctuality is required of the employes, and called to the attention of the convention the fact that all of the powers of Europe pension their postal servants. Even the railroads, she continued, pension their worn-out employes. Even Europe at war is pensioning an army of mothers and children.

"But we, the wives of letter carriers and mothers of children, are striving along day by day with nothing to look forward to but a pay day. We want retirement. We are not asking for charity, but merely a small pay day after the father and husband has given a lifetime of service. honesty, accuracy and punctuality is re-

If there is any service that I can give to help in this great cause, just call on me. Tell us how we can help, and you can feel assured that we will

do everything to further the cause. Women's Work Essential

It is just as essential for the women men, said Mrs. Alice McConnell of Buffalo, N. Y., national vice president of the same organization. She complained of the lack of workers, and urged that the men go back to their

"We haven't enough auxiliaries," she "We haven't enough auxiliaries," sne said. "How does it come that any one isblind to the need of auxiliaries? Where does the blane lie? I believe that it lies just a little bit with the men. The men read of the work of the auxiliaries in their service papers and they certainly could start the formation of an auxiliary by getting their vives interested. mation of an auxiliary by getting their wives interested.

"Again," she continued, "some women say that they haven't time. They say they belong to so many clubs and organizations. But are these clubs going to take care of you when you are old?"

Working for Retirement.

She said the ladies' auxiliaries of the National Association of Letter Carriers was working for retirement in all

before, said Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston of Columbus, Ohio, national secretary of the carriers' auxiliary. She outlined the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been working under the men's organization, she continued, and nothing is done which does not have the approval of the men's organization. She said that the auxiliaries were effective in sending out letters to create sentiment, and pointed out that the women many times prompted men to send appeals at the proper time to various bodies in favor of retirement.

B. C. Millittimes with.

Defeat Middy Riflemen for First

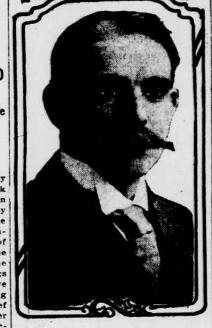
Time in Eight Years.

For the first time in eight years the team representing the National Guard of the District of Columbia defeated the team representing the midshipmen of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., in their annual rifle match held at Annapolis yesterday. The success of the local team, according to Lieut. Col. Thomas S.

Work Held More Effective.

Some men do not realize, she said,

Pointing out that opposition to re-tirement legislation in the House is very small. Representative Keating of Colorado predicted success for any such



ANDREW MCKEE. President National Association Civil

measures. At the hearings before the committees, he said, there was no opposition to be found.
"You may not get retirement at this session," he said, "but it's coming as sure as death and taxes. Just keep at it in the way you have and your efforts will be rewarded with success." Advocates Organization. He advocated organization among the government employes, and said such fare on several fronts are just

evidence of the ability of the people

New York, who, in a resolution of con- works for Uncle Sam, he said, is just like an aerial disaster, a large numdolence to the family, which was adopted. was called "the father of the civil service retirement movement in this country."

In presenting the women to the convention, President McKee paid a high tribute to them for their effective work.

be under the chil series and been deavor to eliminate partisan politics from the government service.

"I am for retirement," he said. "I want to see Uncle Sam the best and most enlightened employer in the United States. When you get that other things that you have been striving for will necessarily follow."

He spoke briefly upon his bill providing that the board of mediation and conciliation should handle disputes of government employes as it does for the railroads. Some officials are against it, he said, because they believe it is interfering with discipline, but he said that when a man at the top is given authority protection also must be provided for the man at the bottom and the man between the top and bottom. He, said he had received letters from all over the country in favor of the bill.

ta tax from 25 to 50 cents. Responding to the appeal of George Burnhouser of New York' for contributions of money to be used in a campaign for retirement, the delegates literally stormed the stage and fired green backs on the secretary's table.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected:
President, Andrew W. McKee; first vice president, W. Tate; second vice President, Andrew W. McKee; first vice president, W. Tate: second vice president, J. J. Connolly; third vice president, A. L. Fribourg; fourth vice president, Frederic Ar Delle Dowsey; treasurer, L. E. Swartz; secretary, John J. Deviny; executive committee, George T. Morgan, chairman; M. H. Donohue, George J. Klefiner, R. C. Keenan, Charles L. Weigand, J. D. Holland and Charles F. Lewis.

For River Dredging Plan.

A resolution from the Southeast Washington Citizens' Association favoring the dredging of the Anacostia river to a depth of thirty feet as far as the navy yeard was adopted as well as the navy base unharmed.

Brindisi."

After four Italian hydroaeroplanes yesterday effectively bombarded the Albanian seaport of Durazzo, the Italian official statement issued today says all the machines returned to their base unharmed. yard was adopted, as was a recommendation to the effect that the District con branches of the service. If the bill for indefinite leave of absence for government employes is passed tomorrow, she said, the letter carriers will work for the other employes to obtain some form of retirement, and so will the auxiliaries.

How to the enect that the District connect up its sewerage system with that of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams flowing through Rock Creek Park and other sections of the District Connect up its sewerage system with that of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the other employes to obtain some flowing through Rock Creek Park and other sections of the District Connect up its sewerage system with that of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities, so as to prevent the pollution of streams of the Maryland suburban communities.

King, team captain, was due to the superiority of the local team over the nava men in rapid fire. The final score stood that women's work is more effective 2,196 for the guard team and 2,103 for the in large organizations than that of the Annapolis team. Sergt. Harry F. Richmen. Even in the small bodies they ardson, Company K. 3d Infantry, was the men. Even in the small bodies they are effective, too, for in some auxiliaries of seven or eight members, she pointed out, many of the women belong to republican and democratic clubs and wield great influence. She concluded by saying that the auxiliary was in favor of the Hamill bill or any other measure that gives retirement.

ardson, Company K. 3d Infantry, was the high man on the local team, finishing with a score of 188 to his credit.

If the Annapolis men can obtain the permission of their superiors they are going to come to Washington May 27 for a return match with the local team on the Congress Heights range of the guard, according to Col. King. The scores:

L'OST BY THE FRENCH

in Destructive Aeroplane Raids.

WARFARE IN THE AIR NOW IS MORE GENERAL

Fliers Play Increasingly Important Part in Great European Struggle.

LONDON. May 6 .- As the great

European struggle progresses power and effectiveness of the aeroplane and dirigible balloon become more manifest by the increasingly con spicuous part they play in the fighting. Not a front that but dally sees aeroplane encounters of importance. This fact is indicated by the official statement issued in Berlin that during the month of April twenty-six allied machines were shot to while Berlin admits the loss of twen y-two. Aeroplanes and dirigibles ar playing havoe along the Italian line. The Germans are con tinuing their aerial incursions agains the Russians with deadly effect. Engand is in constant danger of the gigantic bombs hurled by the great Zeppelin airships, which are prone to

Many Striking Events.

Many striking events in aerial war-

According to German headquarters

"South of Varneton Sergt. Ma Franklon May 4 shot down a Britis biplane. This is the fourth aeroplan shot down by this aviator. The em "Southeast of Diedenhofen a

Italians and Foes in Raid.

A successful Italian air raid or Durazzo, in Albania, is reported from Rome, and Vienna announces a similar which is held by the Italians. Aus trian aeroplanes also have conducted a destructive attack on Brindisi, the machines on their return trip standing fire from the Italian armored cruiser Marco Polo, and countering by attacking with machine gunfire the crew of the warship crowded on the deck. The official statement given out at the Austro-Hungarian admiralty in the Austro-Hungarian admiralt Vienna under date of May 5 says "Austro-Hungarian naval aerop May 4 bombarded Avlona in the r ing and Brindisi in the afternoon. Th Aviona batteries, the port establish ments and the aeronautic station wer several times effectively hit.

Full Hits Are Noticed

"At Brindisi full hits were noticed on railroad trains, station buildings to a group of torpedo boat destroyers. Several bombs exploded in the town Enemy aeroplanes ascended for defense, but immediately were driven off. "On the return trip fire was encountered from the Marco Polo (Italian armored cruiser). The crew, standing crowded on the deck, was effectively attacked with a machine gun.

"In spite of a violent defense fire all the Austro-Hungarian aeroplanes returned safely from Aviona and Brindisi."

Zeppelin Badly Crippled.

form of retirement, and so will the auxiliaries.

"The letter carriers will not forsake you," she said. "We are working for any and every bill that will give us something to work upon. We will support any pension measure."

The time has come when woman's work counts for more than it ever did before, said Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston of Columbus, Ohio, national secretary of the carriers' auxiliary. She outlined the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the work of the national auxiliary and told of the effective work which is being done by it. All the time, it has been make the men're all the regular metropolitan ball the federation will take up the question of suffrage of the place of suffrage of the place of the clustron to take up the question of suffrage of the place of the clustron to take up the question of suffrage of the place of the place of the entire population of the town with take up the question of suffrage of the place of the place of the entire population of the town with take up the question of suffrage of the dispatch from Saloniki axe up that the entire population of the town with the entire population of the town with

MRS. ROBERTSON HEADS **COLLEGE WOMEN'S CLUB**

Officers Elected at Annual Meeting of Organization-Permanent Home Planned.

ficers were elected for the coming year at the annual meeting of the College Women's Club, held last night in the oak room at the Raleigh Hotel. A re-

Committee reports were read and of-